

“Python Machine Learning”  
 12 assignments: from chapter 1 to 6.

## Table of Contents

**Preface** vii

	<b>Chapter 1: Giving Computers the Ability to Learn from Data</b>	<b>1</b>
	<b>Building intelligent machines to transform data into knowledge</b>	<b>2</b>
	<b>The three different types of machine learning</b>	<b>2</b>
	Making predictions about the future with supervised learning	3
	Classification for predicting class labels	3
	Regression for predicting continuous outcomes	4
	Solving interactive problems with reinforcement learning	6
	Discovering hidden structures with unsupervised learning	6
	Finding subgroups with clustering	7
	Dimensionality reduction for data compression	7
	<b>An introduction to the basic terminology and notations</b>	<b>8</b>
	<b>A roadmap for building machine learning systems</b>	<b>10</b>
	Preprocessing – getting data into shape	11
	Training and selecting a predictive model	12
	Evaluating models and predicting unseen data instances	13
	<b>Using Python for machine learning</b>	<b>13</b>
	Installing Python packages	13
	<b>Summary</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Chapter 2: Training Machine Learning Algorithms for Classification</b>	<b>17</b>
	<b>Artificial neurons – a brief glimpse into the early history of machine learning</b>	<b>18</b>
	<b>Implementing a perceptron learning algorithm in Python</b>	<b>24</b>
	Training a perceptron model on the Iris dataset	27
	<b>Adaptive linear neurons and the convergence of learning</b>	<b>33</b>
	Minimizing cost functions with gradient descent	34
	(cont. to next page)	
	_____ [i] _____	

assign 1

assign 2

assign 3

assign 3

*Table of Contents*

Implementing an Adaptive Linear Neuron in Python	36
Large scale machine learning and stochastic gradient descent	42
<b>Summary</b>	<b>47</b>

assign 4

**Chapter 3: A Tour of Machine Learning Classifiers Using Scikit-learn** **49**

<b>Choosing a classification algorithm</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>First steps with scikit-learn</b>	<b>50</b>
Training a perceptron via scikit-learn	50
<b>Modeling class probabilities via logistic regression</b>	<b>56</b>
Logistic regression intuition and conditional probabilities	56
Learning the weights of the logistic cost function	59
Training a logistic regression model with scikit-learn	62
Tackling overfitting via regularization	65

assign 5

<b>Maximum margin classification with support vector machines</b>	<b>69</b>
Maximum margin intuition	70
Dealing with the nonlinearly separable case using slack variables	71
Alternative implementations in scikit-learn	74
<b>Solving nonlinear problems using a kernel SVM</b>	<b>75</b>
Using the kernel trick to find separating hyperplanes in higher dimensional space	77

assign 6

<b>Decision tree learning</b>	<b>80</b>
Maximizing information gain – getting the most bang for the buck	82
Building a decision tree	88
Combining weak to strong learners via random forests	90
<b>K-nearest neighbors – a lazy learning algorithm</b>	<b>92</b>
<b>Summary</b>	<b>96</b>

assign 7

**Chapter 4: Building Good Training Sets – Data Preprocessing** **99**

<b>Dealing with missing data</b>	<b>99</b>
Eliminating samples or features with missing values	101
Imputing missing values	102
Understanding the scikit-learn estimator API	102
<b>Handling categorical data</b>	<b>104</b>
Mapping ordinal features	104
Encoding class labels	105
Performing one-hot encoding on nominal features	106

assign 8

<b>Partitioning a dataset in training and test sets</b>	<b>108</b>
<b>Bringing features onto the same scale</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>Selecting meaningful features</b>	<b>112</b>
Sparse solutions with L1 regularization	112

(cont. to next page)

assign 8

Sequential feature selection algorithms	118
<b>Assessing feature importance with random forests</b>	<b>124</b>
<b>Summary</b>	<b>126</b>

assign 9

**Chapter 5: Compressing Data via Dimensionality Reduction** **127**

<b>Unsupervised dimensionality reduction via principal component analysis</b>	<b>128</b>
Total and explained variance	129
Feature transformation	133
Principal component analysis in scikit-learn	135
<b>Supervised data compression via linear discriminant analysis</b>	<b>138</b>
Computing the scatter matrices	140
Selecting linear discriminants for the new feature subspace	143
Projecting samples onto the new feature space	145
LDA via scikit-learn	146

assign 10

**Using kernel principal component analysis for nonlinear mappings** **148**

Kernel functions and the kernel trick	148
Implementing a kernel principal component analysis in Python	154
Example 1 – separating half-moon shapes	155
Example 2 – separating concentric circles	159
Projecting new data points	162
Kernel principal component analysis in scikit-learn	166
<b>Summary</b>	<b>167</b>

assign 11

**Chapter 6: Learning Best Practices for Model Evaluation and Hyperparameter Tuning** **169**

<b>Streamlining workflows with pipelines</b>	<b>169</b>
Loading the Breast Cancer Wisconsin dataset	170
Combining transformers and estimators in a pipeline	171
<b>Using k-fold cross-validation to assess model performance</b>	<b>173</b>
The holdout method	173
K-fold cross-validation	175
<b>Debugging algorithms with learning and validation curves</b>	<b>179</b>
Diagnosing bias and variance problems with learning curves	180
Addressing overfitting and underfitting with validation curves	183

assign 12

**Fine-tuning machine learning models via grid search** **185**

Tuning hyperparameters via grid search	186
Algorithm selection with nested cross-validation	187
<b>Looking at different performance evaluation metrics</b>	<b>189</b>
Reading a confusion matrix	190
Optimizing the precision and recall of a classification model	191

(cont. to next page)

Plotting a receiver operating characteristic	193
The scoring metrics for multiclass classification	197
<b>Summary</b>	<b>198</b>
<b>Chapter 7: Combining Different Models for Ensemble Learning</b>	<b>199</b>
<b>Learning with ensembles</b>	<b>199</b>
<b>Implementing a simple majority vote classifier</b>	<b>203</b>
Combining different algorithms for classification with majority vote	210
<b>Evaluating and tuning the ensemble classifier</b>	<b>213</b>
<b>Bagging – building an ensemble of classifiers from bootstrap samples</b>	<b>219</b>
<b>Leveraging weak learners via adaptive boosting</b>	<b>224</b>
<b>Summary</b>	<b>232</b>
<b>Chapter 8: Applying Machine Learning to Sentiment Analysis</b>	<b>233</b>
<b>Obtaining the IMDb movie review dataset</b>	<b>233</b>
<b>Introducing the bag-of-words model</b>	<b>236</b>
Transforming words into feature vectors	236
Assessing word relevancy via term frequency-inverse document frequency	238
Cleaning text data	240
Processing documents into tokens	242
<b>Training a logistic regression model for document classification</b>	<b>244</b>
<b>Working with bigger data – online algorithms and out-of-core learning</b>	<b>246</b>
<b>Summary</b>	<b>250</b>
<b>Chapter 9: Embedding a Machine Learning Model into a Web Application</b>	<b>251</b>
<b>Serializing fitted scikit-learn estimators</b>	<b>252</b>
<b>Setting up a SQLite database for data storage</b>	<b>255</b>
<b>Developing a web application with Flask</b>	<b>257</b>
Our first Flask web application	258
Form validation and rendering	259
<b>Turning the movie classifier into a web application</b>	<b>264</b>
<b>Deploying the web application to a public server</b>	<b>272</b>
Updating the movie review classifier	274
<b>Summary</b>	<b>276</b>